



Mental health and well being Motor for economic recovery

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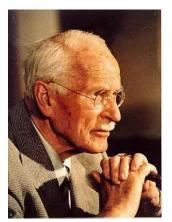
AEIP, Annual Conference Venice, November 13th 2015





What images do we have of mental health (care)?













The image of people with severe mental illness according to Amazon/ASDA/Tesco (Halloween 2013)









The fight against stigma is long and difficult, but slowly making progress

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Outrage as Tesco, Asda and Amazon sell Halloween outfits of mental health patients

- Asda 'mental patient' fancy dress costume was on sale for £20
- Tesco and Amazon sold 'Psycho Ward' costumes for just over £18
- Former footballer Stan Collymore who battles depression among critics
- Asda donates £25,000 to mental health charity Mind as 'apology'
- Tesco also apologises and withdraws products from sale

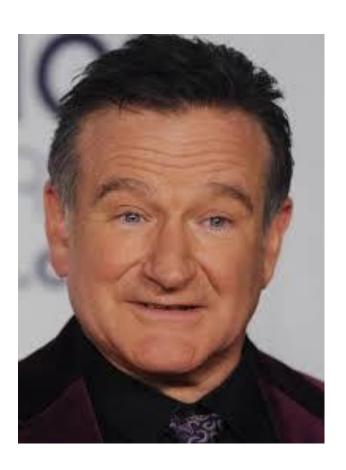
By SIMON TOMLINSON and ELLIE BUCHDAHL

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Now, these images are replaced by familiar faces of people who experience(d) mental ill health









Now, these images are replaced by familiar faces of people who experience(d) mental ill health







Milestone on 22nd October 2015: Julia's debut in Sesame Street as its 1st autistic character.



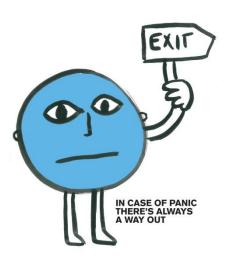


In Portugal, NGO's start to fight stigma at school with UPA's





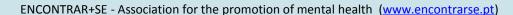












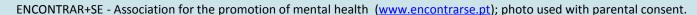




In Portugal, NGO's start to fight stigma at school with the UPA's



Source:







Children learn of diversity in personalities and mental health, e.g. through the stories of A.A. Milne

Table 1: DSM-IV multiaxial diagnosis of conditions demonstrated by the inhabitants of the Hundred Acre Wood

Inhabitant	Axis I Clinical disorders	Axis II Personality disorders/ mental retardation	Axis III General medical conditions	Axis IV Psychosocial/ environmental problems
Winnie-the-Pooh	ADHD, inattentive subtype; OCD (provisional diagnosis)	Borderline intellectual functioning (Very Little Brain)	Poor diet, obesity, binge eating	-
Piglet	Generalized anxiety disorder	_	Failure to thrive	-
Eeyore	Dysthymic disorder	-	Traumatic amputation of tail	Housing problems
Rabbit	-	Narcissistic personality disorder	-	-
Owl	Reading disorder	_	_	Housing problems
Tigger	ADHD, hyperactivity– impulsivity subtype	-	-	-
Kanga	-	-	-	Single parent, unemployed, overprotective of child
Roo	-	-	-	Single parenthood, undesirable peer group, victim of unusual feeding practices (extract of malt)
Christopher Robin	Gender identity disorder of childhood (provisional diagnosis)	-	-	Lack of parental supervision, possible educational problems

Note: ADHD = attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, OCD = obsessive compulsive disorder. *The Axis V (global assessment of functioning) scale was deferred.



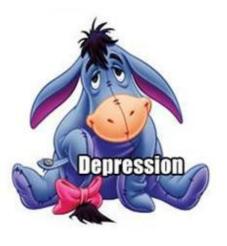


Children learn of diversity in personalities and mental health, e.g. through the stories of A.A. Milne









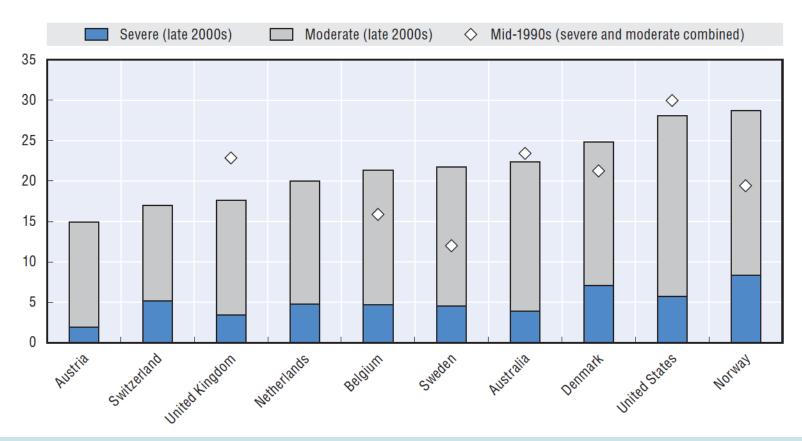


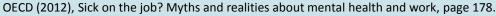




Between 15 – 25 % of adolescents have had experience with mental ill health...

People aged 15-24 with a mental disorder as a percentage of the total youth population, late 2000s and mid-1990s





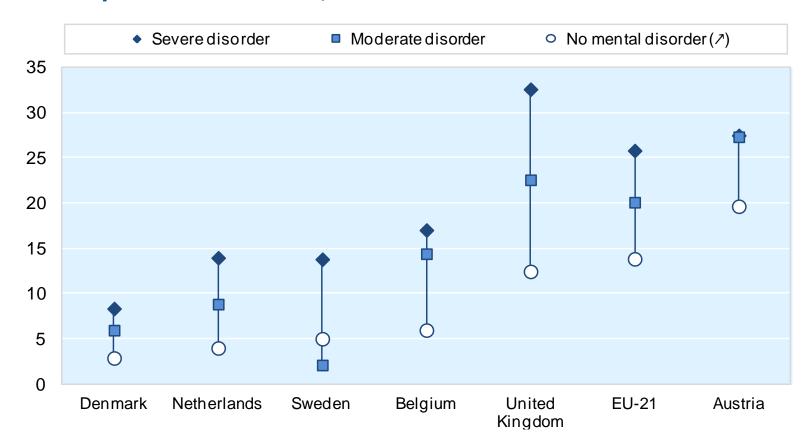


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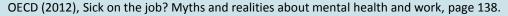


... affecting their education...

Share of people who stopped full-time education before age 15, by severity of mental disorder, 2010



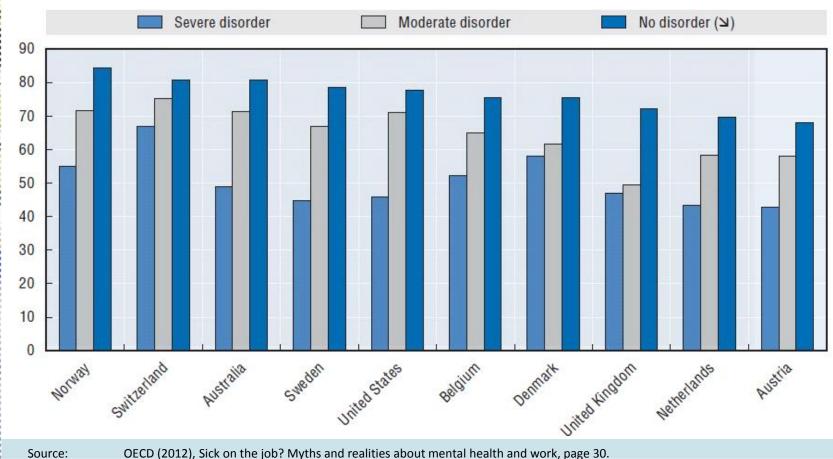






... their employability ...

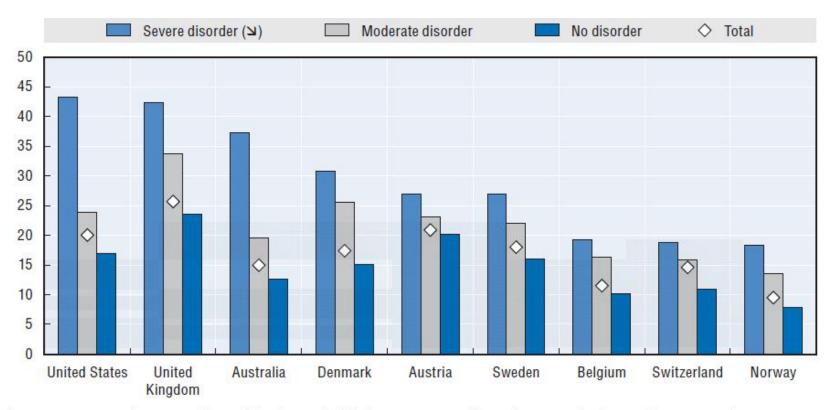
Employed people as proportion of the working-age population in 10 OECD countries, by severity of mental disorders, latest available year





... and their income.

Poverty risks for people with a severe, moderate or no mental disorder in 9 OECD countries, latest year available



- a) Per person net income adjusted for household size. For Australia and Denmark, data refer to gross income.
- b) The low-income threshold determining poverty risk is 60% of median income.

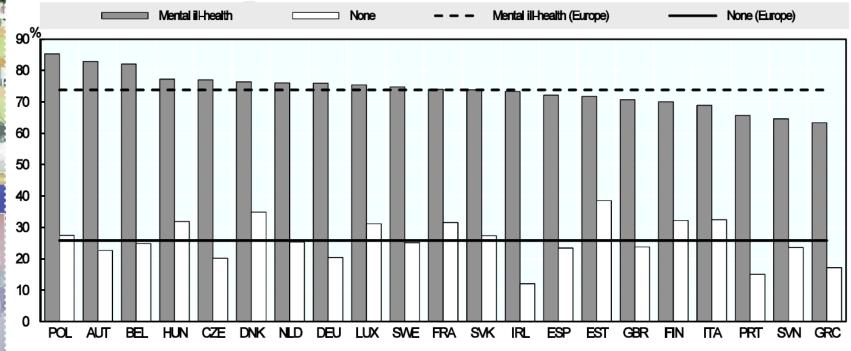


Source:



Mental ill health leads to productivity loss ...

Workers who have not taken sick leave, but show reduced productivity due to an emotional problem (in the previous four weeks) by mental health status and country.





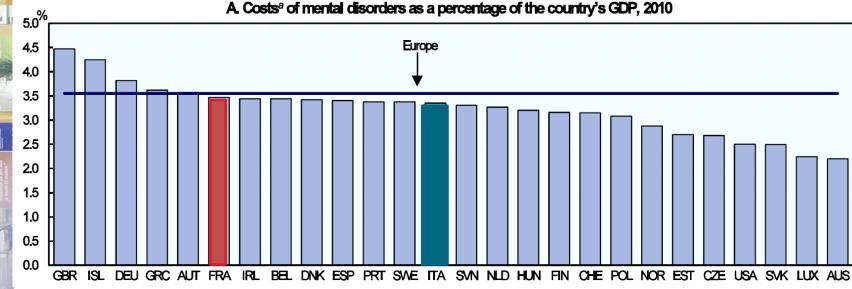
... this makes the impact of mental ill health on Europe's economy huge ...

Annual direct costs (work-related)

- employers (absenteeism and presenteeism)
- economy (lost output)
- healthcare systems (treatment)
- social welfare (disability benefit payments)

€ 610 billion

- € 270 billion
 - € 240 billion
 - € 60 billion
 - € 40 billion







... although there are good interventions available.

 Evidence-based interventions to promote mental health at the workplace could save € 135 billion each year.

 In the Netherlands, the present treatment of patients with depression yields each year € 436 million through increased productivity alone.



– Prevention conduct disorder:

Workplace health promotion programmes:

Obsessive Compulsive Obsessive Compulsive Obsessive Compulsive

83.72 (9.42 NHS)

9.69 (0,00 NHS)





Societal changes will increase the economic impact of mental disorders in Europe

Economic and financial crisis:

- People who experience unemployment, poverty, social exclusion
- have greater risk of developing mental health problems (depression)

Work-life balance is changing:

- A smaller working population
- Has to provide for their children AND their parents

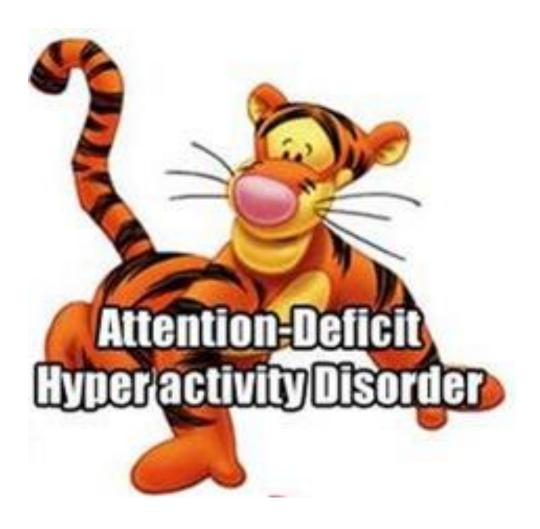
Nature of work itself is changing

- Transition industrial to knowledge economy
- Cognitive work is becoming more important











Starting with the huge impact of severe mental illness on physical health and life expectancy ...



Mentally ill have reduced life expectancy, study finds

By Dominic Hughes

Health correspondent, BBC News

People suffering from serious mental illnesses like schizophrenia or bipolar disorder can have a life expectancy 10 to 15 years lower than the UK average.

Researchers tracked the lives of more than 30,000 patients through the use of electronic medical records.

They found that many were dying early from heart attack, stroke and cancer rather than suicide or violence.



Researchers believe factors like social disadvantage and long-term drug use could be to blame

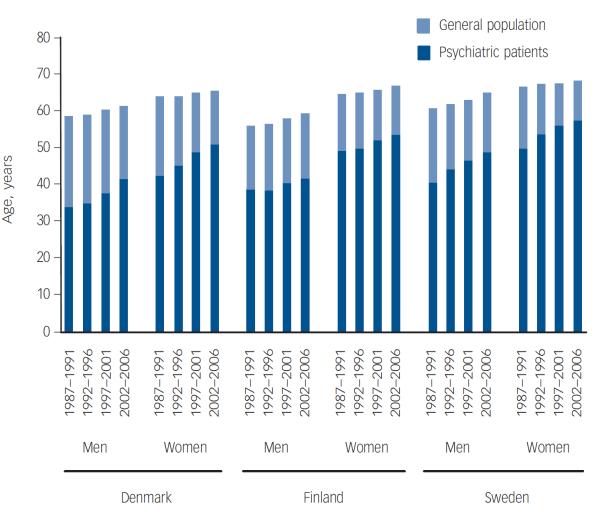
Source: http://www.bbc.co.uk/news/health-13414965





Starting with the huge impact of severe mental illness on physical health and life expectancy ...

Total life expectancy of psychiatric patients versus general population of Denmark, Finland and Sweden between 1987 – 2006 at 15 years of age







... the relationship between mental and physical health is more and more under research ...

- Comorbid major depressive disorder and chronic physical illness (arthritis, heart disease, asthma, back problems, COPD and diabetes) lead to greater healthcare utilization.
- Depression and anxiety are proven risk factors for coronary heart disease and have an impact on the progress after myocardial infarction.
- After a depressive episode, the risk of myocardial infarction is 4 times higher than without having depression previously.
- People with depression had about 70% increased risk of developing heart disease, men had 2.3 times greater chance to die as a result of it.
- Major depression is more common in patients with cancer than the general population, however 73% of patients were not receiving potentially effective treatment.

Sources:

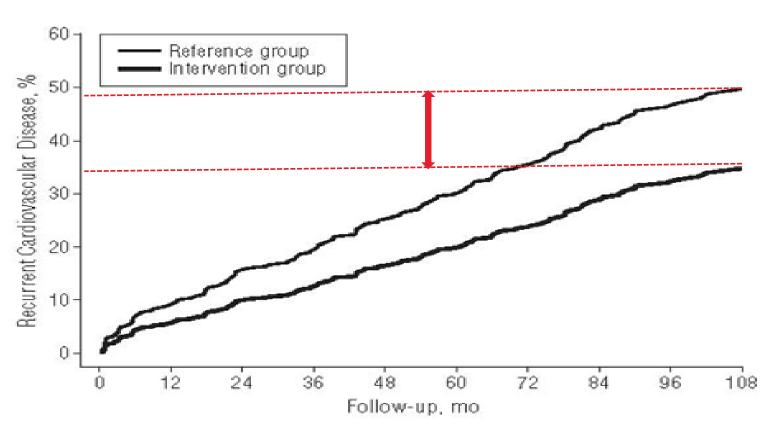
Prados-Torres, A. et al (2014). Multimorbidity patterns: a systematic review. *Journal of Clinical Epidemiology*, *67* (3), 254-266. Harvey, S., Ismail, K. (2008). Psychiatric aspects of chronic physical disease. *Medicine*, *36* (9), 471-474. Prince, M. et al. (2007). No health without mental health. *The Lancet*, *370* (9590), 859-877. Turner, J., & Kelly, B. (2000). Emotional dimensions of chronic disease. *Western Journal of Medicine*, *172* (2), 124-128. Katon, W., & Ciechanowski, P. (2002). Impact of major depression on chronic medical illness. *Journal of Psychosomatic Research*, *53* (4), 859-863. Walker J, et al. (2014). *Prevalence*, *associations and adequacy of treatment of major depression in 21 151 cancer outpatients: a cross-sectional analysis of routinely collected clinical data*. The Lancet Psychiatry, Volume 1, Issue 5, pages 343 – 350. With special thank to Román, N (2014) Dividing the inseparable. The link between physical and mental health in the EU's second Health Programme.





... the relationship between mental and physical health is more and more under research ...

Cognitive Behavioral Therapy reduces the recurrence of cardiovascular disease significantly

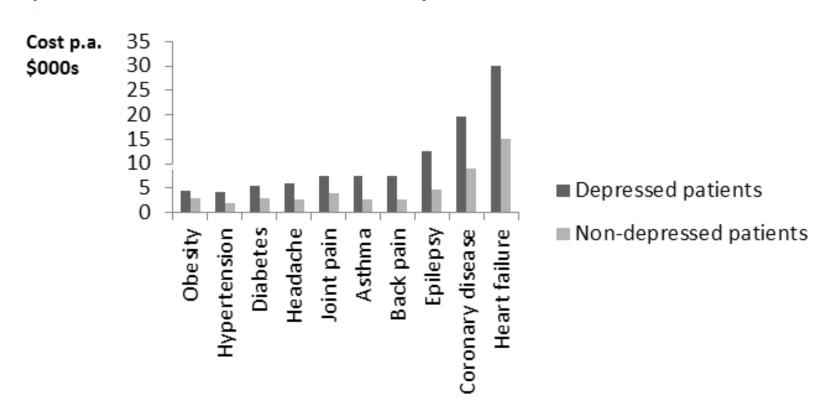






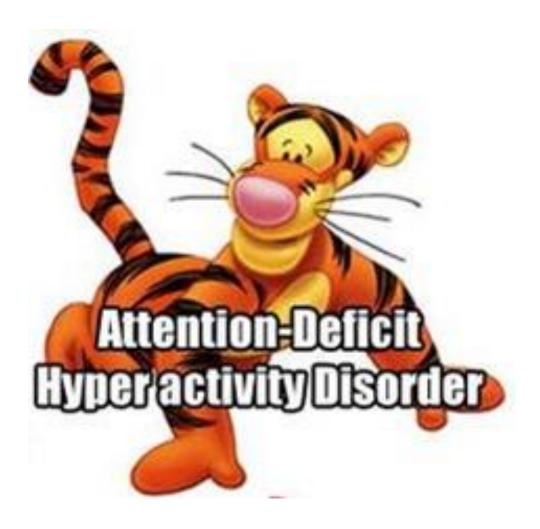
... including calculating the economic impact.

Depression increases the cost of physical healthcare substantially (Colorado Access insurance scheme).











OECD: there is no single country with a well functioning support system

- Early identification and intervention needed
 - Managers, teachers, family doctors and employment caseworkers
 - they lack knowledge
- Financial silo's (health, work and income)
 - lead to conflicting policies and incentives
- Treatment gap
 - Interventions are too late
 - Interventions are not appropriate









Limited access:

- Just 50% of recipients of disability benefits with severe mental disorders are in treatment
- Only 40% with illness-related work-problems are in treatment.

Inadequate treatment:

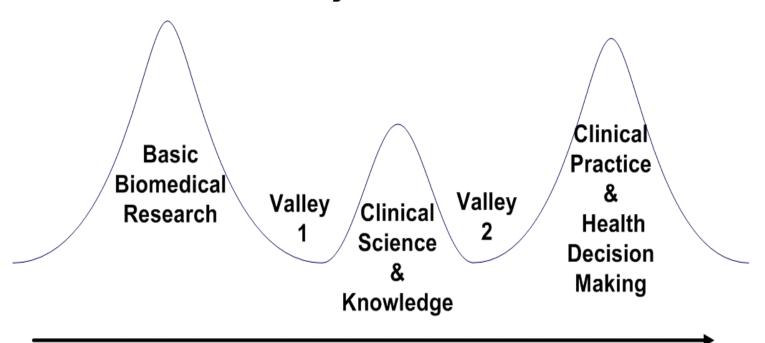
- Less than 1 in 4 of depressed population receives minimally adequate treatment
- In Dutch primary care, only 42% of persons suffering depressive symptoms are treated in accordance with guidelines.
- In Dutch schizophrenia care, an estimated 25–50% of patients receive guideline-concordant care.





Change does not come easy, adoption of cost effective health innovations takes 17 years...

Clinical & Translational Research: Valleys of Death



Translational Continuum





European Alliance Mental Health in all Policies



- Beyond the usual suspects:
 - Not only mental health professionals and service providers.
 - Also private businesses and public organisations

- Partners focus on mental health at work and in schools
 - AIM: mental health priority for Taskforce disease management
 - AEIP: relation mental and physical health in construction sector









European Alliance Mental Health in all Policies



- European Implementation Program for Mental Health
 - Evidence based interventions available
 - Shorten 17 years gap between innovation to adaption

- Mental health should be part of European Semester
 - Policies with negative impact on mental health of the population are not fiscally sustainable









What did I share with you today?

- Mental ill health is common (part of human condition)
- Mental ill health does have a direct relation with physical health
- Mental ill health does have a huge social and economic impact
- This impact will only increase in the next few years.
- ⇒ We need mental health in all policies
- ⇒ We need action
- ⇒ We need your support







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